THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) A report published by World Health Organization (WHO) titled "The Global Burden on Disease" has predicted that by 2010 the number of disability adjusted life years (DALY) due to cardio-vascular diseases would amount to 34.9 million in India. The corresponding figures for the world would be 175.8 million.

(b) Cardio-vascular diseases are managed at various levels in the Urban Health Care Institutions and Rural Health Care Delivery System in the country both in the public and private sectors. Apart from several district level hospitals, which provide secondary level health care facilities, premier Government hospitals and autonomous institutions like All India Institute of Medical Sciences and Post-Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research (PGIMER), Chandigarh provide specialized tertiary care facilities in the field.

Extension of health services in AIIMS

†29. SHRI RAMA SHANKER KAUSHIK: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) for how many months the proposal of extension of health services in AIIMS has been lying pending for consideration alongwith the reasons and the persons responsible therefor; and

(b) by when, Government propose to convene a meeting of the Committee on Health Services Extension and what action propose to initiate against the officials responsible for not convening the meetings of the Committee?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) and (b) No specific proposal is pending for consideration with the Government.

Non-functioning of ultra-sonic cavitrone machine in DR. RML Hospital

30. SHRI C. RAMACHANDRAIAH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a four-decade old ultra-sonic cavitrone machine installed in the Dental Wing of Dr. RML Hospital, New Delhi continues to non-functional; and

(b) the action taken to replace the machine?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) and (b) No, Sir. All the six ultra-sonic

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

cavitrone machines installed in the Dental Wing of Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital in the year 1988 are in working condition.

Profit/losses in public enterprises

31. MISS MABEL REBELLO: Will the Minister of HEAVY INDUSTRIES AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the turnover and profit/loss of public enterprises in the country;

(b) whether it is a fact that public sector enterprises in the country are running in heavy loss due to poor project management lack of technological upgradation, inadequate attention to R & D and low priority to human resource development;

(c) if so, whether Government have taken any measures to meet these requirements;

(d) whether disinvestment is only way of improving the profitability of public sector enterprises;

(e) whether Government have any other innovative method; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEAVY INDUSTRIES AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES (DR. VALLABH BHAI RAMJI BHAI KATHIRIA): (a) The turnover and profit/loss of the 234 operating Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) during the year 2000-2001, the latest period for which information is available, is as under:

Turnover	:	Rs. 458227 Crore
Profit of profit making CPSEs	:	Rs. 28492 Crore
Loss of loss incurring CPSEs	:	Rs. 12839 Crore
Net Profit	:	Rs. 15653 Crore

The CPSE wise details are given in Vol.-III of Public Enterprises Survey, 2000-2001 which was laid in the Parliament on 7-3-2002 and is a published document.

(b) The reasons for losses of the loss incurring CPSEs are multifold and vary from CPSE to CPSE. However, some of the reasons include inherited sickness in case of taken-over units from the private sector, obsolete plant and machinery, outdated technology, low capacity utilization, excess man power, financial resource crunch, high input costs, heavy interest burden, weak marketing strategies, etc.